

# Faculty of Science Course Syllabus Department of Oceanography

### OCEA5220

Numerical Modelling of Atmospheres and Oceans Winter Term, 2023/2024

Instructor(s):	Jinyu Sheng,	Jinyu.Sheng@Dal.Ca, Office: Room 5676, Oceanography
	Hal Ritchie,	hal.ritchie@canada.ca, Office: Room 5663, Oceanography

Lectures: 10:35-11:25 pm, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday

#### Laboratories:

**Tutorials**: 6 hours each week.

Submit course syllabus to your Department office for posting on the Dept website <u>prior</u> to the start of term Submit requests for <u>final exam exemptions</u> (1000, 2000 and 3000 level courses only) to the Dean's office <u>at</u> <u>least 2 weeks prior to the start of term</u>

*The following information should be included, as a minimum, in every course syllabus.* 

#### **Course Description**

This course discusses numerical modelling techniques for simulating atmospheric and oceanic circulations. Material includes: review of governing equations; finite difference, finite element, and spectral methods; Eulerian, semi-implicit and semi-Lagrangian time integration techniques; accuracy and stability analyses; data assimilation and ensemble prediction methods; and boundary treatment for ocean models.

#### **Course Prerequisites**

1000-level calculus course and instructor's consent. An introductory class in fluid mechanics is also helpful.

#### **Course Objectives/Learning Outcomes**

The main objective of this course is to teach students on methodologies of transforming a set of differential equations that describe motion in atmospheres and oceans into a set of algebraic statements that can be calculated in an electronic computer.

Students will gain in depth knowledge of numerical modelling for simulating atmospheric and oceanic circulations after competing the course.

#### **Course Materials**

- Haltiner, G. and Williams, R., Numerical Prediction and Dynamic Meteorology, John Wiley & Sons.



- Haidvogel, D. B., and Aike Beckmann, A., Numerical Ocean Circulation Modeling. Imperial College Press, 1999.
- Mesinger, F., and Arakawa, A., Numerical Methods Used in Atmospheric Models. Global Atmospheric Research Programme (GARP), WMO-ICSU Organizing Committee, GARP Publications Series No. 17, World Meteorological Organization. August 1976
- Course website, lecture recordings (if available)

#### **Course Assessment**

- The course evaluation is based on periodic assignments, tests, computer laboratory exercises, term project and final exam.
- There will be no supplementary exam.
- There is no need for the Registrar's Office to schedule the final exam since graduate students are required to present their term projects during the final exam period.

**NOTE:** An exemption is required for 1000 to 3000 level courses if you are <u>not</u> planning to hold a final exam scheduled by the Registrar's Office. Submit your syllabus along with your request (**and reason for the request**) to the Assistant Dean (scieasst@dal.ca) <u>at least 2 weeks</u> prior to the start of classes.

Component	Weight (% of final grade)	Date
Mid-term	15	
Assignments	25	
<b>Class Interaction</b>	5	
Term Project	20	
Final Exam	35	

#### Other course requirements

List all (e.g., attendance, completion of all labs, non-graded presentation)

#### Conversion of numerical grades to Final Letter Grades follows the Dalhousie Common Grade Scale

A+	(90-100)	B+ (77-79)	C+ (65-69)	D	(50-54)
Α	(85-89)	B (73-76)	C (60-64)	F	(<50)
A-	(80-84)	<b>B- (</b> 70-72)	C- (55-59)		

#### **Course Policies**



- For each or any part of a day that the assignment is late, including weekends and statutory holidays and other days when the University is closed, the student will lose 5% of the maximum possible value of the assignment for the first day or part of a day that the assignment is late and an additional 2% for each subsequent day or part of a day.
- The pdf files of our lecture notes will be distributed to students during the distance course continuation period.
- The final exam will be an open-book exam. There will be no supplementary exam.

## **Course Content**

Chapter 1: Introduction

- 1.1 Numerical Weather Prediction
- 1.2 Ocean Modelling and Prediction
- Chapter 2: Differential Equations Governing Atmospheric and Ocean Circulation
  - 2. 1 Basic Equations
    - 2.1.1 Momentum Motions
    - 2.1.2 Continuity Equation
    - 2.1.3 Equation of State
  - 2.2 Geostrophy and Ekman Theory
    - 2.2.1 Geostrophic Currents
    - 2.2.2 Wind-Driven Ekman Currents

Chapter 3: Space-Differencing

3.1 Finite-difference method

- 3.1.1 Finite Difference Formulation
- 3.1.2 First and Second Derivatives
- 3.1.3 Laplacian and Jacobian Operators
- 3.1.4 Staggered Grid Systems
- 3.2 Spectral and Finite-Element Method

# Chapter 4: Time-Differencing

- 4.1 Euler, Backward and Trapezoidal Schemes
  - 4.1.1 Euler Scheme
  - 4.1.2 Backward Scheme
  - 4.1.3 Trapezoidal Scheme
- 4.2 Matsuno and Heun's Schemes
  - 4.2.1 Matsuno Scheme
  - 4.2.2 Heun's Scheme
- 4.3 Adams-Bashforth Scheme
- 4.4 Leap-Frog Scheme
- 4.5 Implicit Schemes
- 4.6 Semi-Lagrangian Method



Chapter 5: Computational Accuracy and Stability Analysis 5.1 Accuracy and Consistency 5.2 Stability and Convergence 5.2.1 Energy Method 5.2.2 Von Neumann's Method 5.2.3 Courant-Friedrichs-Lewy Condition Chapter 6. Combined Time- and Space-Differencing 6.1 Linear Barotropic Model 6.2 Quasi-Geostrophic Baroclinic Model 6.3 Primitive Equation Model Chapter 7: Data Assimilation and Ensemble Prediction Methods 7.1 Data Assimilation 7.1.1 Sequential Method

7.1.1 Sequential Method 7.1.2 Variational Method 7.2 Ensemble Prediction Method

Chapter 8: Lateral Boundary Treatment for Ocean Modeling

Chapter 9: Surface Boundary Treatment for Ocean Modeling